International Medical Corps has worked in Sudan since 2004. We offer healthcare, mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS), nutrition, and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) programs, often integrating them with existing services in the country to achieve more effective outcomes.

We currently provide these services in 67 health facilities to residents across eight states of Sudan, including Al Jazeera, Blue Nile, Central Darfur, Khartoum, Sennar, South Darfur, South Kordofan and West Darfur. The ongoing humanitarian crisis in Sudan has claimed thousands of lives, uprooted millions of people, disrupted already fragile healthcare systems and prevented families from returning to their homes. Despite limited access and chronic instability, in 2023, we provided humanitarian assistance to more than 1.6 million people.
Once the largest and one of the most geographically diverse nations in Africa, Sudan split into two separate countries in July 2011, after the people of what is now South Sudan voted for independence.

Today, Sudan is experiencing significant turmoil and conflict. The humanitarian situation remains critical, with ongoing conflict and political instability contributing to widespread displacement and urgent needs across multiple sectors. The fighting between the Sudanese Armed Forces and paramilitary groups has led to a significant number of casualties and has disrupted the lives of millions. The conflict has also triggered shortages of food, water, medicine and fuel, leading to skyrocketing prices for essential items. Humanitarian needs in Sudan have reached record highs, with more than half of the population—around 24.8 million people—requiring humanitarian assistance. Millions remain in displacement camps, relying almost entirely on humanitarian aid for essential services, while funding constraints continue to affect the ongoing humanitarian response. The crisis is further compounded by annual outbreaks of diseases, including dengue fever, cholera and malaria.

HEALTH

International Medical Corps currently supports and operates in 67 health facilities across Sudan, delivering essential health services, strengthening health systems and providing resources to deploy skilled health workers to those facilities. Essential health services include treatment and prevention of disease, reproductive healthcare, health education, immunization, child healthcare and surveillance, as well as referrals to emergency- and secondary-level health services, including surgery and obstetric care. Reproductive health services include prenatal care, clean and safe deliveries attended by skilled birth attendants, postnatal and newborn care, and family planning. For children, we provide integrated management of childhood illnesses, immunizations and nutrition screening.

With an estimated 17.7 million people facing heightened levels of food insecurity, 4.86 million children and women are acutely malnourished, and 65% of the population lacks access to healthcare. Currently, more than 70% of health facilities are not functioning, mostly due to the lack of staff and the absence of essential medicines and equipment.

In 2023, we provided 667,193 outpatient consultations to those in need, including thousands of patients treated for acute respiratory infections, diarrhea and malaria, which continue to be the leading causes of disease in our program areas. We also reached women with comprehensive reproductive health services. In 2023, this included 17,219 women who received antenatal care (ANC), 8,679 who delivered babies assisted by skilled healthcare personnel and 8,393 who received postnatal care. In addition, we immunized 36,293 children, including 24,829 vaccinated against measles. We have also engaged with local organizations across Sudan and built their capacity to deliver health education for 85,184 people on critical topics such as immunizations, infectious diseases, malaria and measles transmission, infection prevention and control, ANC, birth preparedness and healthy delivery, postnatal care and family planning.
NUTRITION

We provide nutrition services in Sudan to those most vulnerable to hunger, including children under 5, pregnant women and nursing mothers. We operate 59 outpatient therapeutic programs (OTPs), 59 target supplementary treatment centers (TSFPs) and six stabilization centers for malnourished children with life-threatening medical complications. In 2023, of the 191,751 people we screened for malnutrition, 76% were children under 5. Of those, thousands were malnourished. We treated 5,577 people in OTPs and 5,845 in TSFPs, which included 4,496 children under 5 and 1,349 pregnant or nursing mothers. Working with local partners and community volunteers, we also provide nutrition awareness sessions for mothers on the importance of breastfeeding, dietary diversification using local foods, safe food preparation and targeted nutritional support for women and children. In 2023, we reached 66,543 people with nutrition education.

HEALTH SYSTEMS STRENGTHENING

We support Sudan’s Ministry of Health (MoH) efforts to promote a stronger healthcare delivery system. Our activities include supporting service delivery, information management, health facility rehabilitation, deploying healthcare workers, and providing medicines and medical supplies. In addition, we support the MoH with disease control, disease surveillance, and immunization. We also train MoH staff on emergency preparedness.

WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE

Many communities in Sudan experience sub-standard water quality and insufficient quantity—17.3 million people lack access to basic drinking water and about 24 million lack access to proper sanitation facilities. Influxes of refugees and internally displaced persons (IDPs) frequently strain the host community and camp water-collection and sanitation system. By expanding access to clean water, creating proper waste-disposal systems and providing safe sanitation facilities, we restore and protect healthy living conditions.

In Sudan, we implement WASH activities as part of health and nutrition interventions. These include:

- promotion of—and education about—good hygiene practices;
- creation of waste disposal facilities and safe practices;
- chlorination, rehabilitation and maintenance of water points;
- construction and rehabilitation of drainage canals and latrines; and
- improvement of WASH and infection prevention and control in health facilities.

In 2023, we constructed or rehabilitated 12 water points for IDPs and vulnerable host communities and reached 57,791 people with information about the need for safe hygiene practices and other WASH activities.
MENTAL HEALTH AND PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT

International Medical Corps provides MHPSS services through an integrated approach, ensuring accessibility, non-stigmatization and cultural acceptability. Our MHPSS program aims to improve mental health, enhance resilience and well-being, build social support networks and empower affected populations, including children and youth. Our MHPSS services include psychological support, mental health case management, psychological first aid (PFA) and group psychosocial support (PSS), including the WHO’s Self-Help Plus (SH+) intervention. Community-based PSS activities include community outreach, mental health awareness and psychoeducation. International Medical Corps also provides training for key stakeholders, including general health providers, MHPSS staff, community leaders, local partners and staff from other humanitarian agencies. Training topics include the WHO’s mhGAP Humanitarian Intervention Guide (mhGAP-HIG), SH+, PFA, basic concepts of MHPSS, and detection and safe referrals of mental health cases. International Medical Corps also actively contributes to the establishment and strengthening of MHPSS coordination mechanisms, including the Sudan National and Sub-Regional MHPSS Technical Working Groups.

CAPACITY BUILDING

Overall, the health system’s limited capacity and response mechanisms have severely weakened the ability to provide adequate healthcare. Strengthening the capacity of health staff, largely through training, helps communities move toward sustainability and self-reliance. Since arriving in Sudan in 2004, we have trained thousands of local and national medical personnel, including traditional birth attendants and community leaders. In 2023, we trained 928 people, providing them with skills that included:

- maternal and newborn healthcare;
- emergency obstetric and newborn care;
- rationed use of essential drugs;
- prevention and treatment of common communicable and noncommunicable diseases;
- reproductive-health and early-childhood care;
- identification and management of common childhood illnesses;
- nutritional screening, treatment and prevention of malnutrition;
- outbreak preparedness and response-management care;
- infection prevention and control (IPC); and
- community-based feedback and response mechanisms.

The expertise of these providers is crucial to integrating healthcare services into the community. Their skills also provide the continuity of care needed to stabilize fragile healthcare systems and foster long-term recovery.

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