



INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL CORPS
(A California Nonprofit Corporation)

Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



KPMG LLP
Suite 1500
550 South Hope Street
Los Angeles, CA 90071-2629

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors
International Medical Corps:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of International Medical Corps, which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of International Medical Corps as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information included in schedule 1 is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative*



Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2019 on our consideration of International Medical Corps' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of International Medical Corps' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering International Medical Corps' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LLP

Los Angeles, California
December 9, 2019

INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL CORPS
(A California Nonprofit Corporation)

Statements of Financial Position

June 30, 2019 and 2018

Assets	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,237,150	24,123,169
Grants receivable	12,179,230	5,054,503
Other receivables	1,132,740	2,648,770
Investments in equity securities	3,022,675	2,611,706
Prepaid expenses	2,223,913	1,997,895
Deposits	219,208	270,077
Inventory of supplies and commodities	226,929	82,693
Equipment, net	1,152,966	2,045,698
Total assets	\$ 37,394,811	38,834,511
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Accounts payable	\$ 4,199,534	5,190,923
Accrued liabilities	13,986,074	13,806,602
Refundable advances	5,057,972	5,960,642
Deferred rent	123,866	122,153
Obligation under capital leases	38,449	102,448
Total liabilities	23,405,895	25,182,768
Without donor restrictions	9,364,258	8,212,087
With donor restrictions	4,624,658	5,439,656
Total net assets	13,988,916	13,651,743
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 37,394,811	38,834,511

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL CORPS
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Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2019

	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
Operating support and revenue:			
Public support:			
Contract and grant support	\$ 118,066,660	—	118,066,660
Contributions	5,369,286	3,785,441	9,154,727
Donated medical supplies	3,385,505	32,859	3,418,364
Donated medical services	448,319	—	448,319
Total public support	127,269,770	3,818,300	131,088,070
Other revenue	52,360	—	52,360
Total operating support and revenue	127,322,130	3,818,300	131,140,430
Net assets released from restrictions	4,633,298	(4,633,298)	—
Total operating support and revenue and net assets released from restrictions	131,955,428	(814,998)	131,140,430
Operating expenses:			
Program services	112,177,773	—	112,177,773
Supporting services:			
Management and general	16,129,003	—	16,129,003
Fund-raising	2,866,613	—	2,866,613
Total supporting services	18,995,616	—	18,995,616
Total operating expenses	131,173,389	—	131,173,389
Change in net assets from operations	782,039	(814,998)	(32,959)
Nonoperating activities:			
Interest and dividend income	56,878	—	56,878
Realized and unrealized gain on investments, net	311,243	—	311,243
Foreign currency exchange gain, net	2,011	—	2,011
Total nonoperating activities	370,132	—	370,132
Change in net assets	1,152,171	(814,998)	337,173
Net assets at beginning of the year	8,212,087	5,439,656	13,651,743
Net assets at end of the year	\$ 9,364,258	4,624,658	13,988,916

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL CORPS
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Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2018

	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
Operating support and revenue:			
Public support:			
Contract and grant support	\$ 112,857,301	—	112,857,301
Contributions	5,387,497	8,336,949	13,724,446
Donated medical supplies	3,171,029	1,314,535	4,485,564
Donated medical services	181,808	—	181,808
Total public support	121,597,635	9,651,484	131,249,119
Other revenue	92,682	22,740	115,422
Total operating support and revenue	121,690,317	9,674,224	131,364,541
Net assets released from restrictions	7,503,890	(7,503,890)	—
Total operating support and revenue and net assets released from restrictions	129,194,207	2,170,334	131,364,541
Operating expenses:			
Program services	111,765,851	—	111,765,851
Supporting services:			
Management and general	14,806,500	—	14,806,500
Fund-raising	2,124,811	—	2,124,811
Total supporting services	16,931,311	—	16,931,311
Total operating expenses	128,697,162	—	128,697,162
Change in net assets from operations	497,045	2,170,334	2,667,379
Nonoperating activities:			
Interest and dividend income	37,924	—	37,924
Realized and unrealized gain on investments, net	379,990	—	379,990
Other non-operating expenses	(1,600,000)	—	(1,600,000)
Total nonoperating activities	(1,182,086)	—	(1,182,086)
Change in net assets	(685,041)	2,170,334	1,485,293
Net assets at beginning of the year	8,897,128	3,269,322	12,166,450
Net assets at end of the year	\$ 8,212,087	5,439,656	13,651,743

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL CORPS
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Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Change in net assets	\$ 337,173	1,485,293
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Contributed investments	(143,410)	(165,994)
Depreciation and amortization	1,180,109	1,619,631
Realized/unrealized gain on investments	(311,811)	(379,990)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	568	61,932
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Grants receivable	(7,124,727)	9,285,593
Other receivables	1,516,030	(624,528)
Prepaid expenses	(226,018)	813,228
Deposits	50,869	86,901
Inventory of supplies and commodities	(144,236)	250,946
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(811,917)	211,104
Refundable advances	(902,670)	682,301
Deferred rent	1,713	15,631
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>(6,578,327)</u>	<u>13,342,048</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of equipment	(287,377)	(305,881)
Proceeds from sale of contributed investments	43,684	41,281
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(243,693)</u>	<u>(264,600)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal payments under capital leases	(63,999)	(73,661)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(63,999)</u>	<u>(73,661)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(6,886,019)	13,003,787
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>24,123,169</u>	<u>11,119,382</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 17,237,150</u>	<u>24,123,169</u>
Supplemental information:		
Contributed investments	\$ 143,410	165,994
Cash paid for interest expense	1,628	6,092

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL CORPS
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Statement of Functional Expenses
Year ended June 30, 2019
(with summarized totals for 2018)

	<u>Supporting services</u>				<u>Totals</u>	
	<u>Total program</u>	<u>Management and general</u>	<u>Fund-raising</u>	<u>Total supporting services</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 48,257,862	13,165,788	1,065,242	14,231,030	62,488,892	58,018,392
Housing/food allowances	2,085,817	72,269	—	72,269	2,158,086	1,976,562
Professional fees	8,533,434	2,275,966	1,264,426	3,540,392	12,073,826	12,507,729
Transportation	6,221,399	12,780	582	13,362	6,234,761	7,126,477
Capital expenditures	3,061,269	—	—	—	3,061,269	2,670,293
Depreciation	—	1,169,720	10,389	1,180,109	1,180,109	1,619,630
Travel	4,188,827	421,850	30,451	452,301	4,641,128	5,409,135
Conferences and meetings	327,737	63,778	1,893	65,671	393,408	358,378
Supplies, materials, and services	22,409,751	789,977	3,625	793,602	23,203,353	19,851,255
Communication	1,245,630	364,009	1,320	365,329	1,610,959	1,642,999
Postage and shipping	34,798	13,881	71,288	85,169	119,967	107,766
Insurance	828,755	205,998	14,836	220,834	1,049,589	909,876
Occupancy	5,697,236	799,225	4,401	803,626	6,500,862	5,688,404
Other costs	451,980	(3,226,238)	398,160	(2,828,078)	(2,376,098)	(1,433,257)
Subrecipients	4,972,454	—	—	—	4,972,454	7,253,283
Donated supplies and food commodities	3,412,505	—	—	—	3,412,505	4,808,432
Donated services	448,319	—	—	—	448,319	181,808
Total operating expenses	<u>112,177,773</u>	<u>16,129,003</u>	<u>2,866,613</u>	<u>18,995,616</u>	<u>131,173,389</u>	<u>128,697,162</u>
Nonoperating expenses	—	—	—	—	—	1,600,000
Total expenses	<u>\$ 112,177,773</u>	<u>16,129,003</u>	<u>2,866,613</u>	<u>18,995,616</u>	<u>131,173,389</u>	<u>130,297,162</u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL CORPS

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

(1) Nature of Organization

International Medical Corps (the Organization), incorporated under the General Nonprofit Corporation Law of the State of California, is a global, nonpolitical, and nonprofit humanitarian organization. Its mission is to improve the quality of life through health interventions and related activities that build local capacity in underserved communities worldwide. By offering training and healthcare to local populations and medical assistance to people at highest risk, and with the flexibility to respond rapidly to emergency situations, International Medical Corps rehabilitates devastated healthcare systems and helps bring them back to self-reliance.

To fulfill its purpose, International Medical Corps receives grants from individuals, foundations and corporations, including the AbbVie Foundation, Amgen Foundation, Annenberg Foundation, Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, Bloomberg Philanthropies, California Community Foundation, FedEx, JPMorgan Chase Foundation, Medtronic Foundation, Langeloth Foundation, Pfizer, P&G, Riot Games, Sony, and Wells Fargo Foundation.

In addition, the Organization receives funds under federal grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts from the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) and its Office of the U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA), the U.S. Department of State and its Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (PRM), and the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) and its Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

The Organization's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The Organization classifies revenue, gains, expenses, and losses based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

- *Without donor restrictions* – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations or law and that may be expendable for any purpose in performing the Organization's primary objective.
- *With donor restrictions* – Net assets subject to restrictions imposed by donor or law that may be met either by actions of the Organization or the passage of time. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used and gifts of cash or other assets that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as support with donor restrictions until the assets are placed in service. Other donor restrictions may be perpetual in nature and must be maintained permanently by the Organization.

As the restrictions are satisfied, net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the accompanying financial statements as net assets released from restrictions.

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(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash equivalents consist of short-term, highly liquid invested funds with original maturities of less than three months. Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2019 consisted of \$16,062,147 of cash and \$1,175,003 of government money market funds. Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2018 consisted of \$23,005,449 of cash and \$1,117,720 of government money market funds.

For cash held in the United States, the Organization places its cash in high-credit quality institutions and generally limits the amount of credit exposure not to exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Company (FDIC) insurance coverage limit of \$250,000. The balances in excess of FDIC limits were \$12,441,473 and \$20,826,910 at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Management believes that the risk with respect to the balances in excess of FDIC limits is minimal.

Additionally, under various grant agreements, the Organization is also required to maintain cash balances inside foreign countries and in the local currencies.

(c) Investments in Equity Securities

Investments in equity securities are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined in accordance with the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement* (ASC Topic 820), as further described in note 12.

Investment transactions are recorded on the trade-date basis. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are recognized in the statements of activities.

(d) Contributions

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received or pledged at estimated net realizable value.

(e) Measure of Operations

The statement of activities reports all changes in net assets, including changes from operating and nonoperating activities. Operating activities consist of items attributable to the Organization's program services and supporting services. Nonoperating activities are limited to resources that generate return from investments and other activities considered to be of a more unusual or nonrecurring nature.

(f) Grant Revenue Recognition

Funds provided under grants or contracts, which are not considered contributions, are deemed to be earned and reported as revenue when the Organization has incurred expenditures in compliance with the specific terms of the grant or contract. Grant or contract funds received for which no corresponding expenditure has yet been made are accounted for as refundable advances. Expenditures made in advance of funds received are recorded as grants receivables. Interest earned on federal funds is the property of the federal government and, if earned, is remitted to the federal government on a regular basis. Accordingly, such interest is not reflected as revenue in the accompanying financial statements.

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(g) Inventory of Supplies and Commodities

Inventory consists of pharmaceuticals, medical supplies, and other commodities received from outside donors. Inventory is recorded at estimated fair value at the date of contribution and is based on the first-in, first-out method. Inventory sent by the donor directly to the field is recorded as unrestricted revenue. Inventory sent by the Organization headquarters is released from restriction upon receipt at destination, typically the field office.

(h) Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses consist mainly of the unexpired portion of various insurance premiums paid and advance rental payments.

(i) Equipment

Equipment acquired is recorded at cost at the time of purchase or, if contributed, at the fair value at the date of contribution. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as shown below:

Machinery and equipment	3–5 years
Leasehold improvements	3–5 years
Automobiles	3–5 years
Computer hardware and software	3–5 years

Equipment purchased under the specific terms of certain grants remain generally within the control of the grantor and are subject to transfer to other projects or organizations under the terms of the agreement. Such equipment is not capitalized by the Organization, but is expensed against the specific grant in the period purchased.

When assets are retired or sold, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any gain or loss arising from such disposition is recorded. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred.

(j) Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities consist mainly of unpaid earned payroll and fringe benefits.

(k) Income Taxes

The Organization has received tax-exempt status as a publicly supported organization as provided in the Internal Revenue Code under Section 501(c)(3) and the California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701d. However, the Organization remains subject to income taxes on any net income that is derived from a trade or business, regularly carried on and not in furtherance of the purpose for which it was granted exemption. No income tax provision has been recorded as the net income, if any, from any unrelated trade or business, in the opinion of management, is not material to the financial statements taken as a whole.

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FASB ASC Subtopic 740, *Income Taxes*, related to accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Standard requires that the entity account for and disclose in the financial statements the impact of a tax position if that position will more likely than not be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Organization has evaluated the financial statement impact of tax positions taken or expected to be taken and determined it has no uncertain tax positions that would require tax assets or liabilities to be recorded in accordance with accounting guidance.

(l) Donated Medical Supplies and Services

The estimated fair value of donated medical supplies and services are reflected as public support in the accompanying financial statements.

Donated services are recognized if the services received (a) create or enhance long-lived assets or (b) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by contribution. The Organization receives contributed medical services provided by doctors and nurses. The estimated fair value of these services has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

(m) Functional Expenses

Expenses that can be identified with a specific program or supporting service are charged directly to the related program or supporting service. Expenses that are associated with more than one program or supporting service are allocated based on allocation factors determined by the management, primarily time and effort expended.

(n) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(o) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year's amounts to conform to the current year's presentation.

(p) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

During FY 2019, Organization adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities. The amendments in this ASU are intended to improve financial statement presentation by not-for-profit (NFP) organization. The new guidance requires NFPs to improve their presentation and disclosures to provide more relevant information about their resources (and the changes in those resources) to their donors,

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grantors, creditors, and other users. There are qualitative and quantitative requirements in a number of areas, including net asset classes, investment return, expenses, liquidity and availability of resources, and presentation of operating cash flows. The organization applied the changes retrospectively.

On June 21, 2018, the FASB released ASU 2018-08, clarifying the scope of the accounting guidance for contributions received and contributions made. The update provides clarifying guidance on accounting for grants and contracts of nonprofit organizations as they relate to the new revenue standard (ASU 2014-09) revenue from contracts with customers, and aims to minimize diversity in the classification of grants and contracts that exists under current guidance. The ASU is effective for the Organization's year ending June 30, 2020.

The FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). This guidance is designated to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position and disclosing key information about leasing agreements. The ASU is effective for the Organization's year ending June 30, 2021.

(3) Grants Receivable

Grants receivable as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 consist of the following:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
U.S. Agency for International Development	\$ 6,126,734	1,819,622
U.S. Department of State	5,199,726	2,043,415
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	155,218	675,204
Others	697,552	516,262
	<u>\$ 12,179,230</u>	<u>5,054,503</u>

(4) Equipment, Net

A summary of the Organization's equipment as of June 30 is as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Machinery, computer hardware, and equipment	\$ 2,478,674	3,243,220
Leasehold improvements	480,325	805,255
Automobiles	13,502	29,950
Computer software	6,984,198	7,375,367
Furniture and fixtures	286,292	286,292
Total	10,242,991	11,740,084
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(9,090,025)</u>	<u>(9,694,386)</u>
	<u>\$ 1,152,966</u>	<u>2,045,698</u>

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Depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$1,180,109 and \$1,619,630 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

(5) Employee Benefit Plan

The Organization sponsors a retirement plan called the International Medical Corps Employee Benefits Plan (the Plan). All employees upon reaching 21 years of age are eligible to participate in the Plan after two years of eligible service. Pursuant to an eligibility requirement amendment, effective January 1, 2006, an employee's service in the nonprofit health and social services field within the three-year period immediately preceding the Organization employment is counted toward the two years of service requirement, provided the 1,000 hours of service requirement with such organization for each year of prior service has been met.

The Organization contributes 10.5% of eligible employee compensation, as defined in the plan document. Employees are immediately fully vested in contributions made on their behalf. Voluntary employee contributions are not permitted under the Plan. Contributions made by the Organization to the Plan totaled \$3,548,998 and \$3,271,381 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

(6) Related-Party Transactions

On November 1, 2002, the Organization entered into an Administrative Services Agreement with International Medical Corps UK, a registered charity in England and Wales, to assist International Medical Corps UK (IMC UK) in the achievement of its charitable objectives to relieve suffering, sickness, and poverty throughout the world by providing medical aid, healthcare training, and healthcare programs. The related-party transactions mainly pertain to service fees, recorded as a credit to other expense, cash advances, and other related charges. As of June 30, 2019, and 2018, the Organization had a receivable balance from International Medical Corps UK of \$645,240 and \$1,906,038, respectively, recorded as other receivables in the statement of financial position.

Amounts contributed to IMC UK during 2019 and 2018 totaled \$506,770 and \$362,542, respectively.

(7) Obligations under Operating Leases

The Organization is currently under operating lease agreements for its offices in Los Angeles (lease expires in June 2021) and Washington, DC (lease expires in June 2020). Future minimum annual lease payments under these leases are as follows:

Year ending June 30:		
2020	\$	872,251
2021		<u>547,768</u>
	\$	<u><u>1,420,019</u></u>

Total rent expense for all operating leases for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 totaled \$3,959,512 and \$3,099,463, respectively.

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(8) Commitments and Contingencies

Grants require the fulfillment of certain conditions as set forth in the grant instruments. Federal grant programs are subject to review by the grantor agencies, which could result in requests for reimbursements to grantor agencies for disallowed expenditures. Additionally, the Organization is involved in legal proceedings and claims arising in the normal course of business. The organization has established an accrual of \$1,600,000 as the probable and reasonably estimable amount for contingent liabilities.

While it is not possible to determine the ultimate liability in these matters at this time, in the opinion of management, such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Organization in excess of the recorded contingent liability.

(9) Concentrations of Risk

Grants and contracts totaling \$85,532,310 and \$23,892,099 were received from the U.S. Agency for International Development and the U.S. Department of State, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2019, which represents 65% and 18%, respectively, of total public support and revenue. Grants and contracts totaling \$84,923,258 and \$19,256,925 were received from the U.S. Agency for International Development and the U.S. Department of State, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2018, which represents 64% and 15%, respectively, of total public support and revenue. Should these contribution levels decrease, the Organization may be adversely affected.

(10) Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets totaling \$4,224,658 and \$5,139,656 at June 30, 2019 and 2018 are restricted for relief programs in future periods, respectively.

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Africa	\$ 205,207	983,619
Asia	740,606	907,310
Middle East	57,854	43,434
North/Central America and the Caribbean	2,075,454	2,271,123
Other (emergency response, health, etc.)	1,145,537	934,170
	<u>\$ 4,224,658</u>	<u>5,139,656</u>

Net assets totaling \$400,000 and \$300,000 at June 30, 2019 and 2018 are restricted in perpetuity to be used as revolving loan funds for emergency disaster relief intervention.

(11) Line of Credit

The Organization executed a bank revolving credit agreement (the Agreement) in September 2005, as amended, which allows borrowings of up to \$10,000,000. Borrowings under the Agreement bear interest at the greater of 2.5% or Prime Rate, which was 5% at June 30, 2019. The Agreement currently expires on July 1, 2020. There were no borrowings against the line of credit at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

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(12) Investments in Equity Securities

Investments as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 consist of the following:

	Fair value	
	2019	2018
Domestic equity	\$ 2,946,610	2,514,894
Foreign equity	76,065	96,812
	<u>\$ 3,022,675</u>	<u>2,611,706</u>

Fair value is defined as the amount that would be exchanged for an asset or to transfer a liability between market participants in an orderly transaction.

A three-tier hierarchy, based upon observable and unobservable inputs, is used for fair value measurements. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities

Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the whole term of the assets or liabilities

Level 3 Prices or valuations that require inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, all of the Organization's investments in equity securities are classified as Level 1 investments.

(13) Endowment

The Organization's endowment consists of one individual fund established for disaster relief.

The Organization has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Organization classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and

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(c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund.

The total permanently restricted net assets of \$400,000 are donor-restricted endowments to be used as revolving loan funds.

Due to the nature of the endowment and the donor requirement, the endowments are invested in cash and cash equivalents throughout the year. During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the fair value of the assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds did not fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Organization to retain as funds of perpetual duration.

(14) Availability and Liquidity

The Organization regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs and other financial commitments. As part of its liquidity plan, excess cash is invested in short-term investments, primarily in interest bearing accounts and money market funds. The organization is debt free. A \$10,000,000 line of credit is available to bridge temporary funding gaps and other unexpected obligations that may arise. It has not been necessary to use the line of credit in the past two years.

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Financial assets at year end:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,237,150	24,123,169
Grants receivable	12,179,230	5,054,503
Other receivables	1,132,740	2,648,770
Investments in equity securities	<u>3,022,675</u>	<u>2,611,706</u>
Total financial assets	33,571,795	34,438,148
Less amounts not available to be used within one year:		
Net assets with donor restrictions	<u>4,624,658</u>	<u>5,439,656</u>
Total financial assets available for general expenditures	28,947,137	28,998,492
Line of credit	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>10,000,000</u>
Total financial assets and other resources available for general expenditures within one year	<u>\$ 38,947,137</u>	<u>38,998,492</u>

(15) Subsequent Events

The Organization has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through December 9, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.