In the early morning of September 15, 2018, Typhoon Mangkhut made landfall in Baggao, Cagayan, with the equivalent of a Category 5 storm, causing widespread flooding and multiple landslides.

With your support, we provided 90,422 people with access to relief and recovery services following Typhoon Mangkhut in the Philippines.

More than 3,000,000 people were affected by the storm.

More than 1/3 of those affected were displaced from their homes.

An outbreak of nearly 35,000 cases of measles followed Typhoon Mangkhut.

Nearly 210,000 homes were damaged or destroyed.

The storm caused 130 injuries & 70 fatalities.

International Medical Corps supported more than 90,000 women, men, and children with access to healthcare, clean water, sanitation and hygiene care in Benguet Province.

- We supported more than 80,000 people with clean water access.
- We provided four health facilities with alternate power sources, reaching 65,000 community members.
- We reached 4,051 community members through hygiene promotion.
- We trained 777 people in emergency response management and surged medical support, and 206 community health workers to identify clean water sources.
- We supported vaccinations for 250 children across Benguet province.

Areas affected by Typhoon Mangkhut:

- Benguet Province
- Cagayan
- Abra
- Apayao
- Kalinga
- Ifugao
- Nueva Vizcaya
- Cervantes
- Laoag City
- Porac
We continue to provide training for the people of the Philippines, helping them to become more resilient and self-reliant, and better prepared for any disasters that may come.

Following Typhoon Mangkhut, there was a 1,000% increase in measles cases in Benguet Province alone, with 34,000+ cases across the Philippines. International Medical Corps partnered with the Department of Health to combat the outbreak. Together, we supported the provision of 1,825 measles and Japanese encephalitis vaccinations.

“Partners like the Philippine Red Cross, International Medical Corps, the International Organization for Migration, ReachHealth and AmeriCares have significantly contributed to the large number of children vaccinated, thanks to the recruitment of additional vaccinators and necessary supplies for health facilities.”

UNICEF & WHO
Philippines 2019

THANK YOU TO OUR SUPPORTERS